CAT FOOD COMPARISON CHART



This chart is for educational purposes only. Please refer to the grading criteria below

Cat Food Comparison Guide

Small variances within a brand of food have been noted. For this comparison chart, the following specific products were used and the information was taken from the manufacturer's website or product packaging:

Spectrum: Adult Declicate32
Royal Canin: Adult Fit32
Reflex Plus: Adult Hairball
Reflex: Adult Chicken
Bonnie: Adult Cocktail
Proline: Adult Fish

King: Adult FishLara: Adult Beef

Snappy Tom: Adult Ocean fish with vegetables

Josi Cat: Adult PoultryBewi cat: Adult Poultry

Grading Criteria:

Animal Protein as 1st Ingredient:

International labeling standards state that list of ingredients must be in order of proportion / highest mass. Having animal protein as the first ingredient means that the highest proportion ingredient in the food is in fact animal protein. Cats are obligate carnivores so animal protein is the most important component of a cat's diet

Multiple animal based proteins:

Certain cats prefer certain protein sources, once you find a brand your cat likes, it is good to have options of protein sources

Greater than 30% protein:

Protein is the most important and one of the more expensive ingredients in dry cat food. The higher the protein the better. There are certain cases whereby a lower protein content is better – consult a vet for more information

Omega 3 & 6 Fats:

Omega 3 & 6 fatty acids are important for the cat's eyes, skin and nails, these fats are usually derived from either flaxseed oil or fish oils.

Animal Based Omega 3 & 6 fats:

Omega 3 & 6 fats from animal sources are more bioavailable than from vegetable sources, i.e. The cat can absorb more of these essential oils. Oils from fish fat are better than flaxseed. The most superior source of omega 3 & 6 is actually Krill Oil (or Qrill oil)

Prebiotics and Probiotics:

In order to ensure proper digestion, good gut bacteria is essential (probiotics). These good bacteria need a source of food (prebiotics) and these usually come in the form of indigestible fibers otherwise known as polysaccharides. Examples include fructooligosaccharides and mannanoligosaccharides

Immune Boosters:

Immune boosters ensure that your cat stays healthy. The most common immune boosters in dry cat food are brewer's yeast and beta glucan

Dehydrated / Hydrolyzed protein:

Dehydrated protein means actual mean that is simply dehydrated then compressed into a kibble – yes! actual non processed meat. Hydrolyzed proteins are proteins that are broken down into amino acids and peptides – these are the most absorbable type of protein molecule and are particularly useful when dealing with food intolerances or protein intolerances

Gluten Free option:

Some cats have a gluten intolerance. A gluten free option is useful for cats with this issue.

Botanicals:

Botanicals are added to dry food to boost the cat's health and vitality in various ways. Examples include citrus bioflavonoids for extra antioxidant protection, curcumin for anti-inflammation and joint health and rosemary for keeping bugs away

Free from animal derivatives and by-products:

Animal derivatives and by-products are parts of the animal carcass that are not actual meat, e.g. Skin, blood, fur etc. anything that can be classified as a protein. These products are generally regarded as not preferable for animals to eat